# The Flexible, Special Person Interview

Or: How to Talk with Students from day one

## What is the Special Person Interview?



 $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ 

Star of the Day Наша звезда

A portal for Comprehensible Input

# Bryce Hedstrom

and so many others taught me:

•••

It's an interview in front of the class (or not).

Students and teachers learn about one another, while magically acquiring language.

## The Star of the Day Interview uses CI: Comprehensible Input

### Use the Force CI tools/skills

Use visuals and gestures to establish meaning.

- check comprehension, go slowly (point and pause)
- limit and repeat vocabulary by checking comprehension and comparing
- Be interested!

### Keep it compelling:

- timing is critical
- collect the information and *use* it later

### Milk it

- Talk with students, then compare them
- Write and read, play games ...



Susie Gross, Anna Gilcher, Rachelle Adams, Terry Thatcher Waltz, Michelle Kindt

### Steps of the Process Each interview lasts only as long as the interest does. The interview is over when the mojo runs out, be it in the interviewee, the observing students or the teacher.

1. Interview

Interviewing Tips:

. Teacher talks with student

interviewee in front of the

· Interviewees may stay in

their regular seats or move to

a special place in the front of

the room-whatever they are

comfortable with.

class

Who?

### Action

. Teacher asks questions to one

. Teacher encourages student to

differentiated questions ("Pop Up

answer with complete sentences to

student interviewee in the TL

. Student answers in TL

model 1st person form.

levels.

know well.

. Teacher occasionally asks

Grammar" style) to individual

students in the class to be sure

they are engaging on different

\* Teacher "circles" the structures

(TPRS term) that students do not

### Grammar

### Vocabulary

. 2nd person oral questions

. 1st person oral answers by

student interviewee

. Stay "in bounds" with

possible-use what they

vocabulary in TL & English on

· Not all vocabulary needs to

organically-with more trust

different topics will emerge.

vocabulary as much as

· Teacher writes new

· Vocabulary will grow

and comfort, new and

be translated.

by teacher

know

Teacher Behavior

### Body Language

### . Look for the lean in-this shows the interviewee is engaged.

Student Behavior

<u>available</u>

on

his

website

shared

with

permission)

### Oral Language . Student answers with

### Oral Language . Don't push too hard

. Pull in the rest of the class

- . Set the book . Ask follow up questions to
- show real interest
- Written Language

. Write new words in the TL and in English on the board

**Body Language** 

· Open, accepting

with your interest

earnestness

. Ignite attention with

. "Facts" from interviewee do not have to be real--allow

sentences

students to suspend reality · Student responds as long as comfortable-there is no set number of questions they

have to answer

### 2. "Report Back" to Class

### Reporting Back Tips:







often as the interest lasts, in the interviewee and in the class. Stop when they seem

Each interview can

last between 1 minutes

and 60 minutes-it all

depends on the

interviewee.

. Stop the interview when the mojo runs

. Do not force engagement; invite it.

. You are not trying to get through an

. You can come back to interview a

trust and language ability will grow.

rejuctant student later-their level of

encouraging him/her to speak.

agenda; you are focusing on a student and

willingness of the

- · Teacher talks to class
- . Teacher "reports back" to class after every 2-3 questions. . Teacher tells class what the

show understanding.

student has just said to her. . Class responds appropriately to

3rd person oral statements by teacher about interviewee

· Teacher shows change of perspective by changing location (location #2) when "reporting back" to the class

. Return to original interview space (location #1) for more the interview so engaging that the class leans in.

· Students gesture "I don't understand" if teacher is unclear . Teacher's goal is to make

· Students listen

"mistakes"

. Students correct the

teacher's informational

Students listen

### 3. Verify Information



. Act as if you do not remember and need straight. . The order of the

bored.

- help keeping the facts Verifying step and the Checking for Understanding step can be

- . Teacher talks with the student interviewee again

Teacher checks with student to be sure she remembers what the student has said about himself.

2nd person oral statements by teacher

. Move to yet another place (location #3) in the classroom to indicate another change in . Make informational

you verify

auestions

"mistakes" (not grammatical

mistakes) in some sentences

· Allow interviewed student and/or the class to correct

. Teacher does not make grammatical mistakes to ensure quality input.

. One designated super star student may begin to write information about the

## A few tips

Almost every idea in this presentation has come from someone else at some point. I have credited the obvious and the most recent ones to come into my possession, but so many great teachers have been my mentors these years that I have to simply ask forgiveness for not mentioning all of them.



### Guide students to be kind

Interview strong, confident students first.

Set and model high expectations for respectful conversations.

- Supportive
- Positive
- Answers/truth not required

Set minds at ease.\*

No need to require complete sentences

\*Stephen Krashen's Affective Filter Hypothesis says that if students are not comfortable in a language classroom, their acquisition will slow down or stop.



## Assign a record-keeper

- I keep one book for all classes, all language groups.
- Record-keepers date and label with class name.
- Interviews, quizzes, stories, etc. can all be in one place.



## **Engagement is everything**

5 minutes

30 minutes

90 minutes

## But timing is not.

Students are always special.

Erica Peplinski: brains light up with our favorite topics.



There is just one kind of class in which Our Star doesn't work for me.

## Make it easy and special

- Language support
- Special chair/beanbag
- Lots of kudos
- Martina Bex certificate



THE COMPREHENSIBLE CLASSROOM

certifica que \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ha sido

LA ESTRELLA

DEL DÍA

y que realmente es una persena muy especial

FECHA: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ FIRMA: \_\_\_\_\_\_

Certificate shared with permission

## **Build community by finding common ground**

Wow...s/he plays Mario Kart. Anyone else play Mario Kart?

But keep the focus on one--

unless you're mixing it up.



## Teacher answers, too!

Model first person forms –

Give them someone to compare to –

Ask what they already know about you –



## What questions should we use?

Anything, really...
...including text questions or APPL/other exam prep

It's effective, as long as you are genuinely interested in the responses.

### Don't recreate the wheel.

I leaned heavily on prepared slide shows to learn to ask questions while teaching a new language.



# ¿Cómo prefieres que te llamen?

what do you prefer to be called?

te llamas you call yourself

se llama he calls himself she calls herself

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Amy Van Der Deen w/permission

Elementary students

# ¿Cuál es tu deporte favorito?



AnneMarie Chase/Rita Barrett Shared with permission

# Cómo estás hoy?



(How are you today?)

Estoy....

Está.... (S/he is...)



## Где вы работаете?

Where do you work?

## Вы любите работу?

Do you love (your) work?



Я работаю в ... (I work at...)

Да, я люблю свою работу/нет, не люблю ...

(Yes, I love my work/no, I don't love it...)

\_\_\_\_ работает в ... и любит/не любит свою paботу. ( works at ... and loves/doesn't love work.)

### French:

### LA PERSONNE PRECIEUSE CLASSROOM POSTER IN FRENCH

Thanks to Carrie Ely from Lee, Massachusetts and Anna Gilcher in Cameroon for these.

### Japanese:

### SPECIAL PERSON QUESTIONS IN JAPANESE

Thanks to **Betsy Paskvan** from Anchorage, Alaska for these!

### Russian:

### "OUR STAR" PERSONAL INTERVIEW IN RUSSIAN

Thanks to **Michele Whaley** for the language, and **Don Read** for the formatting on this labor-intensive PowerPoint for the Russian classroom. Follow Michele's outstanding Comprehensible Input blog **here**.

### Latin:

Here is a link to the questions in Latin, the DISCIPVLVS ILLVSTRIS.

Thanks to Lance Piantaggini for the work here. Visit his website, magisterp.com, for more Latin C.I.

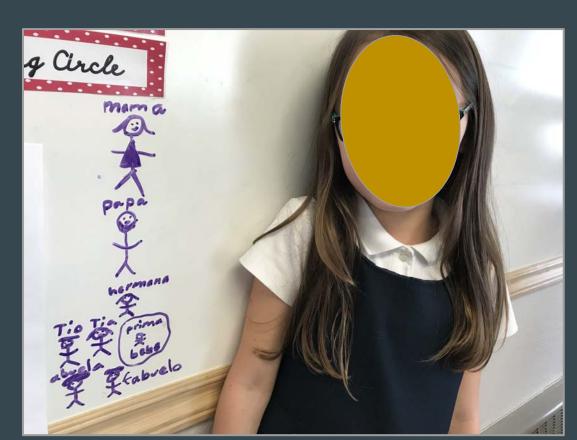
### German:

Superstar – Eine spezielle Person German PowerPoint

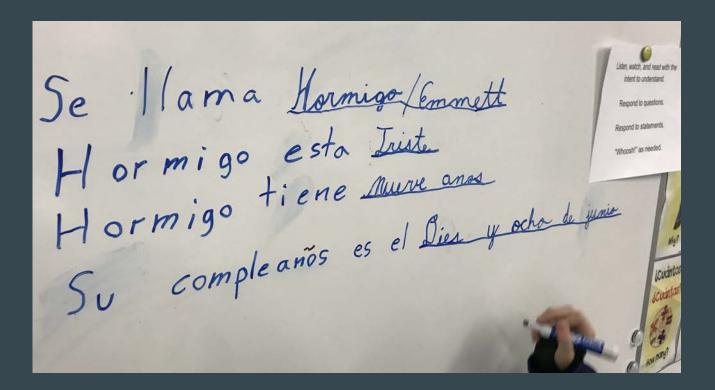
Superstar Interviewfragen-1 German

## Bryce Hedstrom language examples on his site.

## No slide show necessary.



## No/low technology





## Use what you already have

Do you think extraterrestrials really exist?

As a Russian teacher, I'm jealous.

This is an example posted by Kristy Placido on FB from Fluency Matters
Prep 4 Success units

Used with permission.

¿Piensas que los extraterrestres realmente existen?





# ¿Tú te pareces a un familiar? ¿A quién?

Do you look like a relative? Which one?





¿Tú te los comerías o los dejarías en el plato? ¿Por qué?





## Classroom





Mixing it up,

adapting for age,

varying the routine,

and going beyond.

## Groups know one another well?

Interview the class and verify with the student.



## Groups don't know one another?

You can still "interview the class" and verify with the student.

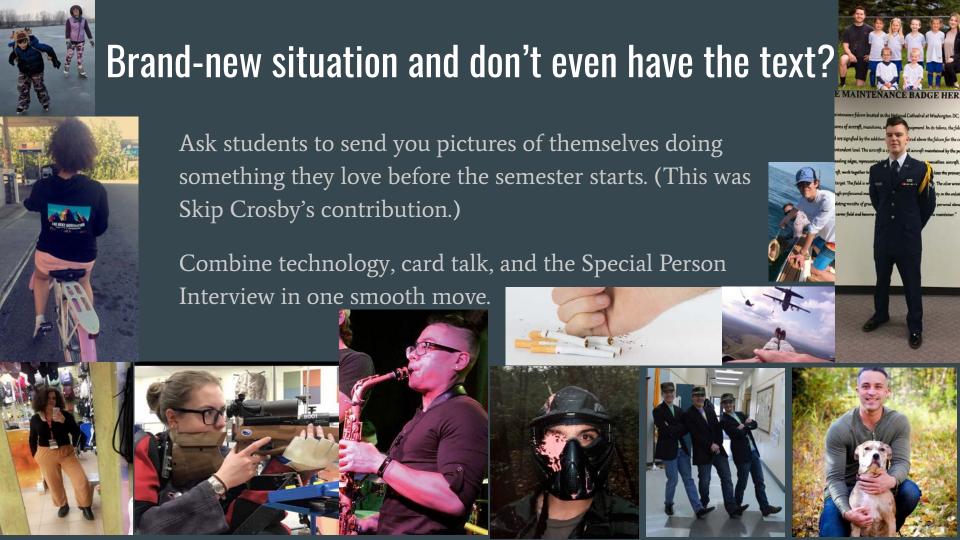
Allows for many repetitions of the same question.



How many sisters does Olivia have?

She has three sisters?
Is that right, Olivia? Do you have three sisters?
Giorgio, Olivia doesn't have three sisters.
Students, what do you think? How many sisters does Olivia have?





## Teach tag questions

Challenge: add five follow-ups after answers.

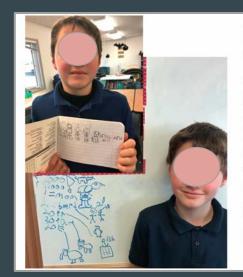


### **Sub Plans**

More advanced students can be coached to interview.

Practice: limit to 2 minutes at first.

A slide show supports them.



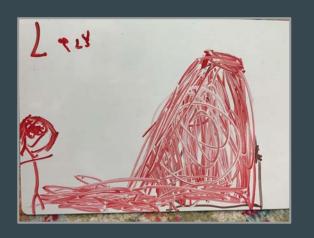
Este muchacho se llama Guapo. Él tiene una mamá, y muchos animales. En la casa hay veinte elefantes, veinte perros, muchos peces, veinte pingüinos, y dos mil cocodrilos. En la familia hay veinte hermanos y diez y ocho hermanas. Es una familia muy grande y interesante.

## Students contribute

What do they want to know about one another?

Ask them to share their pictures.

Ask them for ideas.



## More ways to mix it up

- Inside/outside circles for some questions
- Tally favorite songs, movies, etc, -- consider playing a song or showing pictures of a beloved animal or place
- Mondays: "What did you do this weekend?" (Fridays -- )
- PQA can be part of interview material
- Interview a mascot or a character.\*
- Andrea Schweitzer's Game Show Twist/slides
- Use a "microphone"
- Use as support with visitors





<sup>\*</sup>Jody Noble started this whole thing by comparing characters to students.

## Feed your need

What animal/weather/song would you be? (Steven Ordiano)

Where would you live if...

What would you do if...

When you saw/read/did X for the first time, ...

If you could have any pet, what would it be? (Amy Van Der Deen)



### Milk it: write with the class

- Project as you type or write on the board; students help recall information.
- Keep a running document that eventually includes every student.
- Make "class books" out of slide shows--to share with parents; for FVR

libraries--

- Use random info in stories
- Quizzes, Kahoot, etc

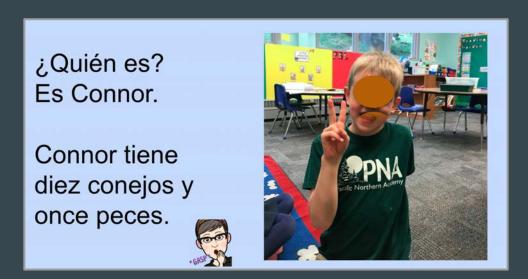
¿Quién es Jamario?



Jamario es un estudiante nuevo en la clase de español. Él estudia en el grado cinco. Él tiene once años. Él nació en Anchorage, y él ha vivido en Anchorage toda su vida. A Jamario le gusta el nombre Jamario. A él le gustan muchos deportes. A Jamario le gusta nadar y jugar al fútbol, baloncesto, béisbol y otras deportes. Jamario es muy atlético.

### Milk it: read with the class

- the next day, and when you continue interviewing later in the semester
- when they know one another better and classmates can add details



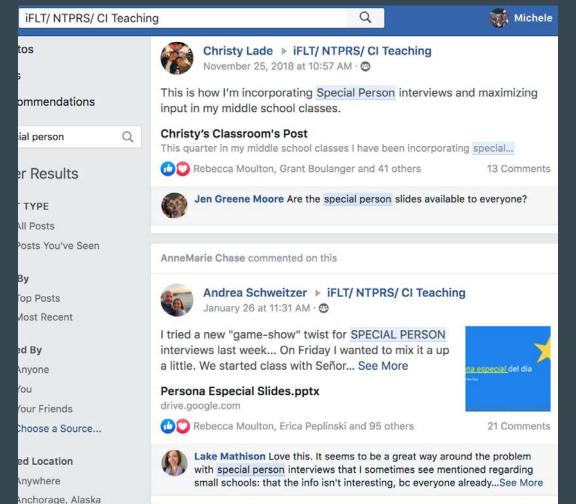
There are more ways to do a Special Person Interview and to follow it up than there are teachers. Do you!



Discourse scramble a la BVP.

## For more ideas —

Google "Special Person" on one of the CI FB pages.



## Required Comprehensible Input skills

- Establish meaning with gestures, visuals, and first language.
- Check comprehension frequently.
- Go slowly (point and pause).
- Repeat by checking comprehension and comparing.
- Be interested!

## **Enjoy the interviews**

- Build community
- Love your students
- Share yourself
- Be a star!

Write to me any time: michelejwhaley@gmail.com

